WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2016 REGULAR SESSION

Committee Substitute

for

Senate Bill 411

BY SENATORS WALTERS, LAIRD, KESSLER, MILLER,

FACEMIRE, ROMANO AND GAUNCH

[Originating in the Committee on the Judiciary;

reported on February 24, 2016.]

1 A BILL to amend and reenact §61-11-26 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating 2 to the creation of the West Virginia Second Chance for Employment Act; defining terms; 3 expanding eligibility for criminal expungement to persons convicted of certain nonviolent felonies; defining "nonviolent felony"; providing exclusions to eligibility; establishing timing 4 5 for filing a petition for expungement; creating petition requirements and court procedure 6 for evaluating preliminary and final orders of expungement for nonviolent felonies; 7 providing for preliminary orders of expungement; requiring a ten-year period under a 8 preliminary order of expungement for a felony before one may obtain a final order of 9 expungement; clarifying disclosure requirements with respect to the information sealed 10 pursuant to an order of expungement, including exemptions; providing standard for 11 inspection of sealed records; and making technical changes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §61-11-26 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and
reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 11. GENERAL PROVISIONS CONCERNING CRIMES.

§61-11-26. Expungement of certain criminal convictions; procedures; effect.

1 (a) Eligibility for expungements. —

2 (1) Misdemeanors. — Any person convicted of a misdemeanor offense or offenses arising 3 from the same transaction committed while he or she was between the ages of eighteen and 4 twenty-six, inclusive, or series of transactions may, pursuant to the provisions of this section, 5 petition the circuit court in which the conviction or convictions occurred for expungement of the 6 conviction or convictions and the records associated therewith. The clerk of the circuit court shall 7 charge and collect in advance the same fee as is charged for instituting a civil action pursuant to 8 subdivision (1), subsection (a), section eleven, article one, chapter fifty-nine of this code for a 9 petition for expungement.

10 (2) Nonviolent felonies. — Any person convicted of a nonviolent felony offense, as defined 11 in subsection (c) of this section, or nonviolent felony offenses arising from the same transaction 12 or series of transactions, may, pursuant to this section, petition the circuit court in which the 13 conviction or convictions occurred for preliminary order of expungement of the conviction or 14 convictions and the records associated therewith, and subsequently the final order of 15 expungement of the conviction or convictions and the records associated therewith.

16 (b) Expungement shall not be available for any conviction of an offense listed in subsection 17 (i) of this section. The relief afforded by this subsection is only available to persons having no 18 other prior or subsequent convictions other than minor traffic violations at the time the petition is 19 filed: Provided, That at the time the petition is filed and during the time the petition is pending, 20 petitioner may not be the subject of an arrest or any other pending criminal proceeding. No person 21 shall be eligible for expungement pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section until 22 one year after the conviction, completion of any sentence of incarceration or probation, whichever 23 is later in time.

(b) Fee for filing petition for expungements. — The clerk of the circuit court shall charge
 and collect in advance the same fee for a petition for expungement as is charged for instituting a
 civil action pursuant to subdivision (1), subsection (a), section eleven, article one, chapter fifty nine of this code.

- 28 (c) Limitations on eligibility for expungement. —
- 29 (1) Certain convictions excluded. For the purposes of this section, the term "nonviolent
- 30 <u>felony</u>" means any felony offense other than the following:
- 31 (A) A felony crime of violence against the person as defined in subsection (o), section
- 32 <u>twenty-seven, article five, chapter twenty-eight of this code;</u>

33 (B) A felony offense wherein the victim was a minor child, as defined in subsection (p),

34 <u>section twenty-seven, article five, chapter twenty-eight of this code;</u>

- 35 (C) A felony offense involving the use or exhibition of a firearm, deadly weapon or 36 dangerous instrument; or
- 37 (D) A felony offense involving possession of a controlled substance with the intent to sell
- 38 or deliver to a minor child, as set forth in article four, chapter sixty-a of this code;
- 39 (2) Temporal requirements. —
- 40 (A) No person shall be eligible for expungement pursuant to this section until one year
- 41 after completion of any sentence of incarceration or completion of any period of supervision,
- 42 whichever is later in time.
- 43 (B) No person shall be eligible for permanent expungement pursuant to subdivision (2),
- 44 subsection (a) of this section until ten years after an order is entered granting the petition of that
- 45 person for preliminary order of expungement.
- 46 (3) Other miscellaneous exclusions. No person shall be eligible for expungement under
- 47 this section if he or she:
- (A) Has any prior or subsequent conviction other than minor traffic violations at the time
 the petition is filed: *Provided*, That at the time the petition is filed and during the time the petition
 is pending, the petitioner may not be the subject of arrest or any other pending criminal
- 51 proceeding;
- (B) Has violated the provisions of subsection (b) or (c), section nine, article two of this
 chapter where the victim was a spouse, a person with whom the person seeking expungement
 had a child in common or with whom the person seeking expungement ever cohabitated prior to
- 55 <u>the offense;</u>
- 56 (C) Has violated the provisions of section twenty-eight, article two of this chapter; or
- 57 (D) Has been convicted of driving under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances
- 58 or has violated section three, article four, chapter seventeen-b of this code.
- 59 (c)(d) Content of petition for expungements. Each petition to expunge a conviction or 60 convictions pursuant to this section shall be verified under oath and include the following 61 information:

62 (1) Petitioner's current name and all other legal names or aliases by which petitioner has63 been known at any time;

64 (2) All of petitioner's addresses from the date of the offense or alleged offense in65 connection with which an expungement order is sought to date of the petition;

66 (3) Petitioner's date of birth and social security number;

67 (4) Petitioner's date of arrest, the court of jurisdiction and criminal complaint, indictment,
68 summons or case number;

(5) The statute or statutes and offense or offenses for which petitioner was charged andof which petitioner was convicted;

71 (6) The names of any victim or victims, or that there were no identifiable victims;

(7) Whether there is any current order for restitution, protection, restraining order or other
no contact order prohibiting the petitioner from contacting the victims or whether there has ever
been a prior order for restitution, protection or restraining order prohibiting the petitioner from
contacting the victim. If there is such a current order, petitioner shall attach a copy of that order
to his or her petition;

(8) The court's disposition of the matter and punishment imposed, if any;

(9) Why expungement is sought, such as, but not limited to, employment or licensure
purposes, and why it should be granted;

80 (10) The steps the petitioner has taken since the time of the offenses toward personal
81 rehabilitation, including treatment, work or other personal history that demonstrates rehabilitation;

82 (11) Whether petitioner has ever been granted expungement or similar relief regarding a
83 criminal conviction by any court in this state, any other state or by any federal court; and

84 (12) Any supporting documents, sworn statements, affidavits or other information85 supporting the petition to expunge.

86 (d)(e) Service of petition for expungements. — A copy of the petition, with any supporting
 87 documentation, shall be served by petitioner pursuant to the rules of the trial court upon the
 88 <u>following persons of entities:</u>

89 (1) The Superintendent of the State Police;

90 (2) the The prosecuting attorney of the county of conviction;

91 (3) the The chief of police or other executive head of the municipal police department 92 wherein the offense was committed;

93 (4) the <u>The</u> chief law-enforcement officer of any other law-enforcement agency which
 94 participated in the arrest of the petitioner;

95 (5) the The superintendent or warden of any institution in which the petitioner was 96 confined;

97 (6) the <u>The</u> magistrate court or municipal court which disposed of the petitioner's criminal
98 charge; and

99 (7)-all <u>All</u> other state and local government agencies whose records would be affected by
 100 the proposed expungement.

101 The prosecutorial office that had jurisdiction over the offense or offenses for which 102 expungement is sought shall serve by first class mail the petition for expungement, accompanying 103 documentation and any proposed expungement order to any identified victims.

104 (e) (f) Filing and service of notice of opposition to petition for expungement. — Upon 105 receipt of a petition for expungement, the Superintendent of the State Police; the prosecuting 106 attorney of the county of conviction: the chief of police or other executive head of the municipal 107 police department wherein the offense was committed; the chief law-enforcement officer of any 108 other law-enforcement agency which participated in the arrest of the petitioner; the superintendent 109 or warden of any institution in which the petitioner was confined; the magistrate court or municipal 110 court which disposed of the petitioner's criminal charge; all other state and local government 111 agencies whose records would be affected by the proposed expungement persons and entities 112 listed in subsection (e) of this section and any other interested individual or agency that desires 113 to oppose the expundement shall, within thirty days of receipt of the petition, file a notice of 114 opposition with the court with supporting documentation and sworn statements setting forth the 115 reasons for resisting the petition for expungement.

(1) A copy of any notice of opposition with supporting documentation and sworn
 statements shall be served upon the petitioner in accordance with trial court rules.

118 (2) The petitioner may file a reply no later than ten days after service of any notice of 119 opposition to the petition for expungement.

120 (f) (g) Burden of proof. — The burden of proof shall be on the petitioner to prove by clear 121 and convincing evidence that: (1) The conviction or convictions for which expungement is sought 122 are the only convictions against petitioner and that the conviction or convictions are not excluded 123 from expungement by subsection (i) of this section; (2) the requisite time period has passed since 124 the conviction or convictions or end of the completion of any sentence of incarceration or probation 125 period of supervision as set forth in subdivision (2), subsection (c) of this section; (3) petitioner 126 has no criminal charges pending against him or her; (4) the expungement is consistent with the 127 public welfare; (5) petitioner has, by his or her behavior since the conviction or convictions, 128 evidenced that he or she has been rehabilitated and is law-abiding; and (6) any other matter 129 deemed appropriate or necessary by the court to make a determination regarding the petition for 130 expungement.

(g) (h) Court procedure for petition for expungement. — Within sixty days of the filing of a
 petition for expungement the circuit court shall:

133 (1) For persons eligible pursuant to subdivision (1), subsection (a) of this section:

134 (A) Summarily grant the petition;

135 (2) (B) Set the matter for hearing; or

136 (3) (C) Summarily deny the petition if the court determines that the petition is insufficient

137 or, based upon supporting documentation and sworn statements filed in opposition to the petition,

138 the court determines that the petitioner, as a matter of law, is not entitled to expungement.

139 (2) For persons eligible pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section:

140 (A) Summarily and preliminarily grant the petition subject to the provisions of subsection

141 (j) of this section;

142 (B) Set the matter for hearing; or

(C) Summarily deny the petition if the court determines that the petition is insufficient or,
 based upon supporting documentation and sworn statements filed in opposition to the petition,
 the court determines that the petitioner, as a matter of law, is not entitled to expungement.

(h) (i) Hearing on petition for expungement. — If the court sets the matter for hearing, all 146 147 interested parties who have filed a notice of opposition shall be notified. At the hearing, the court 148 may inquire into the background of the petitioner and shall have access to any reports or records 149 relating to the petitioner that are on file with any law-enforcement authority, the institution of 150 confinement, if any, and parole authority or other agency which was in any way involved with the 151 petitioner's arrest, conviction, sentence and post-conviction supervision, including any record of 152 arrest or conviction in any other state or federal court. The court may hear testimony of witnesses 153 and any other matter the court deems proper and relevant to its determination regarding the 154 petition. The court shall enter an order reflecting its ruling on the petition for expungement with 155 appropriate findings of fact and conclusions of law.

156 (i) No person shall be eligible for expungement of a conviction and the records associated 157 therewith pursuant to the provisions of subsection (a) of this section for any violation involving the 158 infliction of serious physical injury; involving the provisions of article eight-b of this chapter where 159 the petitioner was eighteen years old, or older, at the time the violation occurred and the victim 160 was twelve years of age, or younger, at the time the violation occurred; involving the use or 161 exhibition of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument; of the provisions of subsection (b) or (c), 162 section nine, article two of this chapter where the victim was a spouse, a person with whom the 163 person seeking expungement had a child in common or with whom the person seeking 164 expungement ever cohabitated prior to the offense; any violation of the provisions of section 165 twenty-eight of said article; a conviction for driving under the influence of alcohol, controlled 166 substances or a conviction for a violation of section three, article four, chapter seventeen-b of this 167 code or section nineteen, article eight of this chapter.

- 168 (i) Preliminary and final orders of expungement for nonviolent felonies. - If the court 169 grants the petition for expungement pursuant to subdivision (2), subsection (a) of this section, the 170 court's order shall be preliminary and subject to a motion by the petitioner to make the order a 171 final order of expungement. 172 (1) Preliminary order of expungements. — A preliminary order of expungement shall order 173 the sealing of all court records and other records pursuant to subsection (k) of this section related 174 to the nonviolent felony or felonies that are the subject of the petition. The preliminary order of 175 expungement is subject to the following limitations: 176 (A) Notwithstanding subsection (m) of this section, the custodians of records subject to sealing pursuant to subsection (k) of this section may inspect the sealed records without obtaining 177 178 an order of the court if inspection is made for a legitimate law enforcement purpose; and 179 (B) A preliminary order of expungement shall be vacated if the petitioner is convicted of a 180 felony or misdemeanor offense other than a minor traffic violation subsequent to the entry of the 181 order. (2) Motion for final order of expungement. — A motion to make the preliminary order of 182 183 expungement a final order of expungement may not be made until five years after the preliminary 184 order of expungement was entered by the court. 185 (A) A motion filed under this subdivision shall be verified under oath and include 186 information evidencing whether the petitioner: 187 (i) Has any felony or misdemeanor convictions other than a minor traffic violation since entry of the preliminary order of expungement; 188 189 (ii) Has outstanding restitution orders or civil judgements representing amounts ordered 190 for restitution against the petitioner since the entry of the preliminary order of expungement; or 191 (iii) Is subject of any outstanding warrants or is currently the subject of a pending criminal
 - 192 proceeding.

(B) Within sixty days of the filing of a motion for a final order of expungement, the circuit
 court shall:

195 (i) Summarily grant the motion;

196 (ii) Set the matter for hearing; or

197 (iii) Summarily deny the petition if the court determines that the motion is insufficient or,

198 based upon supporting documentation and sworn statements filed in opposition to the motion, the

199 court determines that the petitioner, as a matter of law, is not entitled to expungement. If the court

200 determines that the petitioner is not entitled to expungement as a matter of law, the court shall

201 also vacate the preliminary order of expungement.

202 (C) The provisions of subsections (f), (g) and (h) of this section apply to a motion filed
 203 under this subsection.

204 (i) (k) Sealing of records. — If the court grants the petition for expungement, it shall order 205 the sealing of all records in the custody of the court and expungement of any records in the 206 custody of any other agency or official, including law-enforcement records. Every agency with 207 records relating to the arrest, charge or other matters arising out of the arrest or conviction that is 208 ordered to expunge records shall certify to the court within sixty days of the entry of the 209 expundement order that the required expundement has been completed. All orders enforcing the 210 expungement procedure shall also be sealed. For the purposes of this section, "records" do not 211 include the records of the Governor, the Legislature or the Secretary of State that pertain to a 212 grant of pardon. Such records that pertain to a grant of pardon are not subject to an order of 213 expungement. The amendment to this section during the fourth extraordinary session of the 214 Legislature in the year 2009 is not for the purpose of changing existing law, but is intended to 215 clarify the intent of the Legislature as to existing law regarding expungement.

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(k) (I) Disclosure of expunged proceedings. —

217 (1) Upon expungement, the proceedings in the matter shall be deemed are considered
 218 never to have occurred. The court and other agencies shall reply to any inquiry that no record

219 exists on the matter. The person whose record is expunded shall not have to disclose the fact of 220 the record or any matter relating thereto on an application for employment, credit or other type of 221 application: Provided, That any person applying for a position in which he or she would be 222 engaging in the prevention, detection, investigation, prosecution or incarceration of persons for 223 violations of the law shall disclose any and all convictions to his or her prospective employer 224 regardless of whether the conviction or convictions had been expunged pursuant to this section. 225 (2) No persons for whom an order of expungement has been entered pursuant to this 226 section may be found guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement, under any provision 227 of this code, because of that person's failure to recite or acknowledge the arrest, indictment, 228 information, trial or conviction: *Provided*, That the person is in compliance with subdivision (1), 229 subsection (I) of this section. 230 (3) Persons required by state law to obtain a criminal history record check on a prospective 231 employee are not considered to have knowledge of any convictions expunged under this section.

(h) (m) Inspection of sealed records. — Inspection of the sealed records in the court's possession may thereafter be permitted by the court only upon a motion by the person who is the subject of the records or upon a petition filed by a prosecuting attorney that inspection and possible use of the records in question are necessary to the investigation or prosecution of a crime in this state or another jurisdiction. If the court finds that there is a legitimate reason for access and the interests of justice will be served by granting a petition to inspect the sealed record, it may be granted under the terms and conditions that the court determines.

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(n) For the purposes of this section:

240 (1) "Court record" means an official record of a court about a proceeding that the clerk of
 241 the court or other court personnel keeps. "Court record" includes an index, a docket entry, a
 242 petition or other pleading, a memorandum, a transcription of proceedings, an electronic recording,
 243 an order and a judgement;

- 244 (2) "Records" do not include the records of the Governor, the Legislature or the Secretary
- 245 of State that pertain to a grant of pardon. Such records that pertain to a grant of pardon are not
- 246 <u>subject to an order of expungement;</u>
- 247 (3) "Seal" means to remove information from public inspection in accordance with this
- 248 section; and
- 249 (4) "Sealing" means:
- 250 (A) For a record kept in a courthouse, removing to a separate, secure area to which
 251 persons who do not have a legitimate reason for access are denied access;
- 252 (B) For electronic information about a proceeding on the website maintained by the
- 253 magistrate court, circuit court or the Supreme Court of Appeals, removing the information from
- 254 the public website; and
- 255 (C) For a record maintained by any law-enforcement agency, by removing to a separate,
- 256 secure area to which persons who do not have a legitimate reason for access are denied access.
- 257 (o) The amendment to this section during the fourth extraordinary session of the
- 258 Legislature in 2009 is not for the purpose of changing existing law, but is intended to clarify the
- 259 intent of the Legislature as to existing law regarding expungement.
- 260 (p) The amendments made to this section during the regular session of the Legislature in
- 261 <u>2016 may be known and cited as the Second Chance for Employment Act.</u>